

The Pepper-Box

The Pepper-Box - October 2, 1891

D.A. McDougal

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RITH AND POINT.

FIFTH AND POINT.

—Caller—"Has your mistress gone out?" "New Serrano—No, but she ain't at it yet."—Ech.

—Proud Father (reading his son's school report)—"Manners vulgar—very vulgar. But perhaps this is hereditary."—Punch.

—She waved her umbrella and caught his eye," said Hawkins. "Did it put the cure out?" asked Smiths. "Who had seen women waving umbrellas before."—Harper's Bazar.

—Mrs. Wickwice—"Now, this new nickel steel." Mrs. Wickwice—"That's when you drop it into the slot and the machine won't work. I suppose."—Indianapolis Journal.

—The world is a poor man's world. Life is but an empty dream, When 'tis full of green cumberers And of restaurant cooks.

—Detroit Free Press.

—"He's a great catch, I assure you."

"One part of it is easily enough understood," one of the company remarked. "You don't pay your debts."

"Well, well," said the close observer. "I hadn't thought of that, and, of course, I can't, without meditation, give you a direct opinion, but it strikes me that there is much in what you say."—
Arkansas Traveler.

THE PEPPER BOX.

Entered at the Post Office at Selmer, Tenn., as second class matter.

D. A. McDUGAL, Editor

SELMER, TENN.

Friday, Oct. 2, 1891.

WHAT IS RIGHT.

It is the financial policy of this government that all this racket in politics is about. I have before now had watches that would get out of running order, and could not remedy the wrong and set the watch in running order because I did not understand the machinery. So it seems that unskilled workmen who don't understand the machinery are advising how to regulate our money system.

Mr. Editor will you indulge me a little, until I can dissect our money system and see if I can show you the wrong? If the wrong could be shown in a convincing manner to every voter in the government it could easily be righted. But so long as people don't know what is wrong, it will be like that unskilled workman trying to set the watch in order—it will always be a failure.

Let us begin with the tariff. I will here say that what is good policy for one is good policy for all.

It has been a settled policy of this government ever since it has been a government to pay its current expenses through, and by a tariff law which operates thus, the Englishman or any other foreigner makes a wool hat and brings it to this country to sell it, he pays say fifty cents for the privilege to sell it. The government uses that money to defray current expenses. What is said of the wool hat holds good for all other articles bought and sold in commerce. There does not seem to be any harm in this, and I don't believe there is a man in the government that will object to this, so long as this privilege tax is confined to the absolute needs of our government. Cleveland, by his economical administration, under the then existing tariff law, saved over \$100,000,000 to the government. I ask ought not that money been left in the hands of the people? What did the government want with \$100,000,000 in its treasury instead of in the hands of the people or in the channels of circulation? But, says one, you say the foreigner paid this money as a privilege tax, so he did. Let us look at the other side of the question. If you, Mr. Editor, were making wool hats in this country you would have no privilege tax to pay, but would you sell your hat fifty cents cheaper than the foreigner? I dare say you would not. Say you sell the hat to me, I put the hat on my head and wear it out. I ask who gets the benefit of the fifty cents, and who pays it? But say I am a merchant, I purchase that hat and sell it to my neighbor to wear out, do I lose the fifty cents or does the man I sell it to lose it? This is a fair illustration of the tariff law. In it we see two or three things; First, the American hat maker, by a class law in his favor, pockets indirectly, every cent of the consumer that the foreigner pays as a privilege tax. Second, the merchant may handle thousands of dollars worth of goods but just what he wears out on his back is all the tariff he pays. Third, we see then that the entire current expenses of this government is paid by the consumer on what he buys, with this exception. There is an internal revenue on some few articles, such as whiskey and tobacco, which goes into the treasury of the government but that ought to be repealed. What conclusion can we draw from the above demonstration? We draw this conclusion, that where articles of luxury are handled the tariff should be high, where articles of necessity are handled the tariff should be low, and the government should be administered as economically as possible, and where the current expenses stop the tariff should stop. Any expenses should be incidental and placed to the advantage of infant industries. Try a tariff formulated on the above rules and see if it don't redound to the welfare of Democrat-Republican or Alliance. Yes, and I say everybody else. I think I have said enough on the tariff element of our money policy. So far as there is no money handled by the government but tariff money, this money is paid out for actual service rendered. I beg that you notice particular just at this point.

Let this money take any course it may from the hands of those men who served the government for it. It is wholly insufficient in quantity to do all the exchanging of values that is done in this government. The founders of our government saw this and vested Congress with the sole power of creating money anticipating gold and silver as a basis. Go to your history and see if Congress did not purchase its first gold and silver bullion with what is called treasury notes, you are bound to say yes. Well, what is a treasury note? Is it not a note drawn just like an individual note secured or backed by all the entire wealth of the government? I dare say it is. It takes this to constitute a treasury note. Congress, by this provision of the constitution, provided a safe money for the people to do the exchanging of values. But here comes the greatest difficulty of all, how is this money to find its way from Congress into the avenues of trade that every man who has something to sell may carry it to his nearest town and get a portion of this money for it. Notice here what policy the government thirty years ago adopted to get this money to the people. National Banks is the method. Let us see if the National bank is a cheap method, if not we ought to change it for a cheap method. To illustrate, I pick out a bale of cotton and carry it to town to sell, my purchaser has no money but goes to a National bank and gets the money, for which he pays 12 per cent, to the bank and the government pays the banker 44 per cent on his bonds, which is at the same time the very element which secures his bank. The banker has made 164 per cent off of the money that bought my labor. I respectfully ask who pays the enormous rate for his money? One says, the man I sold to had the money on hand. Ask him to trace that money back to its coining power and see if he does not chase through a bank. He certainly will for it can't find its way to him in any other way. Just here I will ask, does it cost the government 164 per cent to coin a dollar and run a machine, whereby that dollar may find its way from Congress to the people's labor? I say to all concerned this is right or it is wrong, it is a fact nevertheless. If it is wrong can't it be righted? If it is right, what are the people kicking about? When all kick there must be a wrong. I find people of all political sentiments kicking, but most of them don't know what to kick at. I see no ground for political differences on this; let the world come together and discuss different plans. When I say cheap money I mean money that don't cost such a high rate of interest. These two things corrected we would have a good money system and the people would prosper.

L. H. ROBERTSON.

GONE TO REST.

In the death of Mrs. P. H. Thrasher our community has sustained a loss which is felt by every member in it. Universally respected and loved by all who knew her. The announcement of her death cast a gloom over our town which is deep and abiding.

The circumstances surrounding her death were peculiarly sad to the family, as she died away from home, and away from most of her family.

On Friday the 18th, Mrs. Thrasher left home to visit relatives at Florence, and seemed to be in usually good health; on the next Friday she was a corpse. It seems as though she left home and loved ones to die among strangers.

The citizens of Selmer held a mass meeting Saturday to pass resolutions of respect relative to her death. Jas. W. Pace was elected chairman and D. A. McDougal Secretary of the meeting. After a few brief speeches resolutions were adopted relative to the virtues and many good qualities of the deceased, and expressing the profound sorrow at her death. The following gentlemen were then appointed as pall bearers to meet the train and convey the corpse from the depot: Messrs. H. P. Wood, G. W. Gipson, W. M. Shytle, C. Shepard, J. W. Purviance, L. H. Hamm, T. N. Bell and D. A. McDougal.

The funeral services were held here Sunday evening. They were conducted by Eld. R. P. Meeks, assisted by A. L. Myhr of Nashville, and G. W. Archer of Baldwin, after which the remains were interred in a vault built in the

foundation of the Christian church of which she was for many years a consistent member.

To the family of the deceased we can offer no words of consolation that will heal their bleeding, broken hearts. To tell them to weep not for her, would be but solemn mockery. We can only say to them, "Try to follow her example and meet her in heaven. Remember that the separation is not forever. It will not be long till your time will come to follow her."

The annual meeting of the Tennessee Christian Missionary Cooperation will be held with Woodland Street Church, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 13-15, 1891.

We haven't space to give the programme in full.

LAND SALE.

I will on Monday October the 19th 1891 at the court house door in the town of Selmer, expose to sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described tracts of land: Lying and being in the 7th civil district of McNairy county, Tenn. The first tract containing 103 acres. Second one about 129 acres. Said land was conveyed to G. W. Moore by C. Shull on Feb. 20th 1873 and recorded in the Register's office of said county in Deed Book, M. page 129 and 130 to which reference is made for a full description of said land. It will be sold to satisfy a judgement and cost the state of Tennessee recovered against Zebedo Moore as principal and G. W. Moore and B. L. Sanders surety, at the February term of the circuit court 1891.

This Sept. 18th 1891.

W. J. Ouve, Sheriff.

John Richards et al vs. John M. Hamm et al.

In Chancery at Selmer.

In this cause on motion of complainants solicitor and it appearing from the bill which is sworn to that the defendants Lucy A. Richards, Wm. H. Richards, J. J. Richards, the children of T. A. Richards, deceased, and John Redding, deceased, the children and heirs at law of Sibba Catha, deceased, and James L. Richards are non-residents of the state of Tennessee and are residents of the state of Texas, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them and that defendant Catharine Carter is a non-resident of the state of Tennessee and is a resident of the state of Miss, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on her. It is therefore ordered by me D. A. McDougal, C. & M. of the Chancery court for McNairy county, Tenn., that each of said defendants above named, viz: Lucy A. Richards, Wm. H. Richards, J. J. Richards, the children of T. A. Richards, deceased, the children and heirs at law of Sibba Catha, deceased, and James L. Richards and Catharine Carter, their and each of them enter their appearance herein and make defense to complainants bill within the first three days of the next term of the Chancery court for McNairy county to be held at the court house in the town of Selmer on the third Monday in October next or the allegations of said bill will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is also ordered that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Pepper Box a newspaper published at Selmer, Tenn.

This Sept. 17, 1891.
D. A. McDougal, C. & M.
By John Stephenson, Dept. C. & M.

NON RESIDENT NOTICE.

W. C. Yarbrough, et al. vs. Mary McHalestead, et al.

In this cause it appearing that defendant James White is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee and a resident of the State of Arkansas so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him. It is therefore ordered by me, D. A. McDougal, Clerk and Master of the Chancery Court of McNairy County, Tennessee, that said defendant James White enter his appearance herein on or before the third Monday in October 1891 and plead, answer or demur to complainants bill or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to him.

It is further ordered that a copy of this notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the Pepper Box a newspaper published at Selmer, Tenn.

Sept. 2, 1891.
D. A. McDougal, C. & M.

If you see a cross mark at the top of your paper like this (x) you may know that your time is out. If you think the paper is worth the money we would be glad to have you renew, but if not we don't want you to take the paper. We don't ask any body to take the paper unless they want it and think it is worth what it costs.

This is purely a matter of business. We do not ask any one to subscribe to accommodate us.

Vincie E. Swain vs. T. E. Swain.

In Chancery at Selmer.

In this cause on motion of complainants Solicitor and it appearing from the bill which is sworn to that the residence and whereabouts of defendant T. E. Swain is unknown so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him, it is therefore ordered by me, D. A. McDougal, C. & M. that said T. E. Swain enter his appearance herein on or before the first Monday in Oct. 1891 and make defense to complainants bill or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to said T. E. Swain.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Pepper Box, a newspaper published at Selmer, Tenn. This Sept. 1, 1891.
D. A. McDougal, C. & M.
By John Stephenson, Dept. C. & M.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE.

Cartier Dunbar & Co. et al. vs. J. J. Prince et al.

In Chancery at Selmer, Tenn.

In this cause on motion of complainants solicitor and it appearing from the bill which is sworn to, that Defts. J. J. Roach, S. E. Roach, and J. J. Prince are non-residents of the State of Tennessee and the said J. J. Roach and S. E. Roach are residents of the state of Texas and Deft. J. J. Prince is a resident of the State of Arkansas, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them, it is therefore ordered by me, D. A. McDougal, C. & M. of the Chancery court of McNairy county, Tenn., that said defendants, J. J. Roach, S. E. Roach and J. J. Prince and each of them enter their appearance herein at my office in Selmer, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in Oct. 1891 and make defense to complainants bill or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to said defendants.

It is also ordered that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Pepper Box, a newspaper published at Selmer, Tennessee.

This Sept. 1, 1891.
D. A. McDougal, C. & M.
By John Stephenson, Dept. C. & M.

W. L. Morris, Guard.

Lillian Landreth et al. vs. In Chancery at Selmer, Tenn.

In this cause on motion of complainants Solicitor, and it appearing from the bill which is sworn to that the defendants J. J. Roach and his wife S. E. Roach are non residents of the State of Tennessee and residents of the state of Texas, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them, it is therefore ordered by me D. A. McDougal, C. & M. of the Chancery court for McNairy county, Tenn., that each of said defendants above named, viz: Lucy A. Richards, Wm. H. Richards, J. J. Richards, the children of T. A. Richards, deceased, the children and heirs at law of Sibba Catha, deceased, and James L. Richards are non-residents of the state of Tennessee and are residents of the state of Texas, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them and that defendant Catharine Carter is a non-resident of the state of Tennessee and is a resident of the state of Miss, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on her. It is therefore ordered by me D. A. McDougal, C. & M. of the Chancery court for McNairy county, Tenn., that each of said defendants above named, viz: Lucy A. Richards, Wm. H. Richards, J. J. Richards, the children of T. A. Richards, deceased, the children and heirs at law of Sibba Catha, deceased, and James L. Richards and Catharine Carter, their and each of them enter their appearance herein and make defense to complainants bill within the first three days of the next term of the Chancery court for McNairy county to be held at the court house in the town of Selmer on the third Monday in October next or the allegations of said bill will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is also ordered that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Pepper Box a newspaper published at Selmer, Tenn.

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John Stephenson, Dept. C. & M.

en miles a little east of north from Purdy in the 11th civil district of McNairy county, Tennessee in range 4 and section 4. Granted to W. S. Wisdom and W. K. Walsh by virtue of entry No. 1806. Containing 201 acres more or less and known as the C. V. Anderson old place.

Sixth tract is composed of two several pieces of land. The first piece lying in the 11th civil district of McNairy County, state of Tennessee in ranges 4 and 5 and section 5 and granted to N. C. Riggs by virtue of entry No. 1494 and containing 184 acres more or less.

The second piece is part of entry No. 1499 in the name of W. S. Wisdom and W. B. Terry for 200 acres lying in the 11th civil district of McNairy county Tennessee in ranges 4 and 5 and section 5 and containing 25 acres more or less. These two pieces amounting in the aggregate to 209 acres more or less.

Eighth tract lying in the 12th civil district of McNairy County, state of Tennessee in range 5 and section 5 and known as the John W. Tidwell old place and the place on which Elizabeth Tidwell now lives. Containing 200 acres more or less.

Ninth tract lying and being in the 12th civil district of McNairy County Tennessee in range 5 and section 5 and bounded on the north by the lands of the estate of R. B. Riggs, dec'd., on the south by C. C. Wallace, on the east by the lands of the R. B. Riggs estate and on the west by the lands of S. A. Lebetter and said to contain 70 acres more or less.

Tenth tract lying and being in the 12th civil district of McNairy county Tennessee in range 5 and section 5 and bounded on the north by the lands of R. B. Riggs estate upon which Elizabeth Tidwell now lives, on the south by Jeter on the east by Nick Cheatham and on the west by C. C. Wallace and said to contain 50 acres more or less.

Eleventh tract lying and being in the 16th civil district of McNairy County Tennessee in range 4 and section 5 and bounded on the north by Lawson Sipes on the south by W. J. Hardin, on the east by A. J. Evans and on the West by J. C. L. Sewell and said to contain 109 acres more or less.

Twelfth tract lying and being in the 7th civil district of McNairy County Tennessee in range 4 and section 4 and is composed of three small tracts or pieces.

The first piece being the tract of land assigned to the widow Susannah Combs out of the land belonging to John Combs, her deceased husband, and contains 12 acres more or less.

The second piece being lot No. 1 assigned to N. C. Riggs as the assignee of Kiziah Tidwell formerly Kiziah Combs, out of the lands belonging to her deceased father John Combs, and contains 101-2 acres more or less.

The third piece being lot No. 2 assigned to Josiah Combs in the division of the lands belonging to the estate of John Combs his deceased father. The above three pieces of land aggregating 334 acres more or less.

13th Tract lying in the 11th civil district of McNairy county Tennessee in Range 4 and section 4. Being the same land assigned to Nep Basinger by Henry Dancer and wife on the 15th day of February 1871 and conveyed to R. B. Riggs and S. L. Warren as Adms of the estate of N. C. Riggs, dec'd on the 7th day of Sept. 1880. And containing 33 acres more or less.

14th Tract lying about one and one-half miles north west of Purdy in the 7th civil district of McNairy county Tennessee in range 4 and section 3 and bounded as follows, on the north by Calvin Shull, on the south by J. W. Purviance, on the east by Isaac C. Brooks and on the west by Simpson Kernodle's estate and said to contain 25 acres more or less.

15th Tract, being an undivided interest of one half in and to about 92 acres of land known as part of the Spencer or Elizabeth Stewart old home place lying on the head waters of Little Hatchie creek in the 3rd civil district of McNairy county State of Tennessee in range 2 and section 4.

Being an interest of 46 acres more or less.

16th Tract Lying and being in the 3rd civil district of Chester county, Tennessee in range five and section 5 and known as the Solomon G. Thomason tract and said to contain about 500 acres more or less.

Also the following town lots: 1st Town lot lying and being in the town of Purdy on the northeast corner of the public square and is composed of several unimproved lots. Bounded on the north by G. D. Mcbee, on the South by the public square on the east by a public street, and on the west, by an alley.

2nd Town lot lying on the east side of the public square in the town of Purdy; being the third lot south from the street running east from the public square towards Savannah. Bounded on the north by D. W. Herring's law office on the south by S. L. Warren's old law office lot, on the East by N. C. Riggs old home place and on the West by the public square.

3rd Lot, lying in the town of Purdy on the West side of the street running south from the East side of the public square and known as the Wm. Hammonds old shop lot.

4th Lot lying on the south east corner of the public square in the town of Purdy. It being the north east corner of two lots by Alfred Moore to N. C. Riggs, and upon which is a store house now occupied by W. M. Ruleman.

5th Lot, lying in the town of Purdy on the East side of the public square and known as the M. H. Johnson Livery Stable lot.

I will receive private bids on any of the above described tracts of land or town lots from now until day of sale and will sell any of them privately if suitable bids are offered.

The larger tracts will be surveyed and sold in quantities to suit purchasers. For full particulars and a minute description of the

metes and bounds reference is here by made to minute book 5, pages 165 to 173.

TERMS OF SALE.

Said lands and town lots will be sold for one-third cash and the balance on a credit of one and two years equal installments, with interest from date of sale. Notes with approved security will be required of the purchasers for the deferred payments and a lien retained on the land until the purchase money is paid.

This Sept. 2, 1891.
D. A. McDougal, C. & M.

P. P. P.

Every one should use P. P. P.; nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood. P. P. P.

PRICKLY ASH

Poke Root and Potassium is the greatest blood purifier of the age. It cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Syphilis where all other remedies fail. P. P. P., Prickly Ash.

POKE ROOT

and Potassium will cure Syphilis, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Syphilitic Rheumatism, Malaria, Old Sores, Blood Poison and Dyspepsia. If your head aches and you are out of spirits take P. P. P., Prickly Ash, Poke Root, and

POTASSIUM

For a Tired Feeling, Impure Blood, Distress after Eating, Dyspepsia, Pains in the Back, Headaches and Nervous Prostration and Debility and Weakness are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood-cleansing properties of P. P. P., Prickly Ash, Poke Root, and Potassium, the greatest cure known for all diseases of the

FOR

Catarrh and a Shattered Constitution, both male and female, nothing better than P. P. P.

THE

ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition, due to Menstrual Irregularities, are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood-cleansing properties of P. P. P., Prickly Ash, Poke Root, and Potassium, the greatest cure known for all diseases of the

BLOOD.

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors, SAVANNAH, - - - GEORGIA.

LIPPMAN'S

DIARRHOEA

POSITIVE CURE FOR CHILLS & FEVER DUMB AGUE & MALARIA

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors, Druggets, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

ABBOTT'S

EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT

REMOVES CORNS, BUNIONS, AND WARTS

LIPPMAN BROS. DRUGGISTS, PROPRIETORS, SAVANNAH, GA.

NEW HOME

THE FINEST WOODWORKING ATTACHMENT

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE & GRANGE MASS

CHICAGO, ILL. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CITY

ST. LOUIS, MO. FOR SALE BY DALLAS, TEX.

THE LITTLE GIANT

NEAREST 24 IN. SAFETY EVER MADE

ADJUSTABLE IN EVERY POSITION

AGENTS WANTED

CATALOGUE DESCRIBING OUR FULL LINE OF WHEELS SENT ON APPLICATION

LOZIER & CO. TOLEDO, OHIO, MFG. CO.

PENSIONS FOR TENNESSEE SOLDIERS

Under a law passed by the Legislature of Tennessee on March 10, 1891, Confederate as well as Federal soldiers of Tennessee who were disabled in the service are entitled to Pensions ranging from \$8.33 1-3 to \$25.00 per month. Parties entitled to pensions under said law will do well to call on or address me, as I am prepared to give any information and am supplied with the necessary blanks for same.

Respectfully H. P. Wood.

WE ARE IN THE LEAD FOR FINE QUALITY AND STYLE OF SPRING VEHICLES. THE MOST FOR THE MONEY IS OUR MOTTO.

BEST MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP WIN S.

ONE OF OUR CATALOGUES FULLY ILLUSTRATES OUR LINE.

SMALL AND LARGE ORDERS RECEIVE BEST ATTENTION. A SAMPLE JOB WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT OUR WORK IS THE WORK TO BUY.

BRIDGEWATER CARRIAGE CO. ROANOKE, VA.

Perfectly Simple - Simply Perfect THE IMPROVED WARM AIR FURNACES AND VENTILATING AND DRY CLOSET APPARATUS OF THE

BENNETT & PECK Heating and Ventilating Co.

The only Manufacturers in this city giving entire attention to the WARMING AND VENTILATION

Residences, Churches, Schools, Etc.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED SEND FOR PRICED CATALOGUES

245, 247 and 249 W. 5th St., Cincinnati, O.

TBPO

CURES NOTHING BUT PILES. A SORE AND CERTAIN CURE, KNOWN FOR 15 YEARS AS THE BEST REMEDY FOR PILES.

PREPARED BY RICHARDSON-TAYLOR MED. CO. ST. LOUIS MO.

SEYMOUR'S SHEARS AND SCISSORS

WE CUT THE EASIEST STAY SHARP

INSIST ON YOUR STOREKEEPER GETTING THEM FOR YOU

THE PEPPER BOX.

D. A. McDOUGAL, Prop.

Subscription, \$1.00 per year.

"Cash, invariably in advance."

Time Table.

M. & O. R. R.

South.

Passenger 12:55.

Accommodation 7:40.

North.

Passenger 2:35.

Accommodation 12.

County Directory.

County Court Clerk—J. R. Adams.

Circuit Court Clerk—J. C. McConnell.

Clerk and Master of Chancery Court—D. A. McDougal.

Sheriff—W. J. Olive.

Register—J. M. Hamm, Jr.

Treasurer—T. M. Darnall.

Tax Assessor—W. H. Stone.

County Supt. of Public Schools—M. R. Abernathy.

County Surveyor—R. F. Beard.

Chancery Court convenes the 3d Mondays in April and October. A. G. Hawkins of Huntington, Chancellor.

Circuit Court convenes the 4th Mondays in February, June and October. L. S. Woods of Lexington, Judge, and T. C. Mace of Jackson, Attorney General.

County Court 1st Monday in each month, and Quarterly term 1st Monday in January, April, July and October. Jno. B. Jooling, Chairman.

Old papers for sale at this office.

Come and see Perkins & Gipson's new stock of goods.

The railroads will charge only one fare for the round trip to the Henderson Fair.

Excursion rates on railroads to Henderson during the fair.

Just received at P. H. Thrasher's a car load of fine Michigan Salt, \$1.50 per barrel.

There will be tournament riding on Wednesday of the Henderson fair.

Next Monday is Quarterly County Court and it will be the first court held in McNairy's new Court House. A large crowd will be in attendance.

State Evangelist, A. I. Myhr, is holding a meeting in the new Court House here this week. Large crowds are attending and much interest is being manifested.

Perkins & Gipson will sell you goods cheap for cash. They now have on hand everything that is kept in a first class store.

Just received a large lot of Clothing and Hats at P. H. Thrasher's. Low prices. Come and see them.

For premium list or other information regarding the Henderson Fair address W. J. Ozier, Cor. Sect., Henderson, Tenn.

Just received my Fall stock of boots and shoes. Some cheap bargains in them. Whole stock boots \$2.00 per pr. Ladies Sunday shoes \$1.25 per pr. P. H. Thrasher.

When in need of job work call on us, we have a first class job office and can give you as good and cheap work as you can get anywhere.

When you need a hair cut, shave or shampoo call at the Selmer Barber Shop, where you will be served by one of the best barbers from Jackson.

The premium list of the Henderson Fair has been enlarged and includes nearly all articles entered for exhibition. Competition in all the classes is cordially invited and is open for all.

Bring us some word on subscription quick. We are cold.

FOR RENT.

Hill & Simmons store house at Bethel. It is located near the Depot, is suitable for both dry goods & Groceries, has large ware house attached and side rooms. For terms apply to Mrs. E. Simmons, Bethel.

Pictures of Mason group, Purdy Institute and McNairy County Union sold at my gallery for 25cts. each on 5x8 cards. Send stamps if you wish under \$1. worth.

P. J. Higgins, Ramer Tenn.

The third annual meeting of the Chester County Fair will be held at Henderson, Tenn., on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 13, 14, 15, and 16. The grounds are well supplied with all conveniences for the comfort and pleasure of both exhibitor and visitor. Ample accommodations have been provided for stock of all kinds.

Perkins & Gipson will pay you the highest market price for your chickens, eggs and produce.

Cooper & Carroll's consolidated shows will exhibit at this place next Thursday.

A first class band will furnish music for the Henderson fair. Be sure and not miss it. It promises to be better this year than ever before.

Miss Jessie Archer has just returned from market with a full line of elegant fall millinery, and will visit Savannah, Oct. 5th, Adamsville, Bethel, Falcon and Ramer shortly afterwards.

The popular Vassar hat and the new and taking Chinese Flat will be among her specialties.

Latest styles and lowest prices. Ladies wait and see before purchasing.

ADAMSVILLE NEWS.

Mr. Editor:

All is quiet around our little village this week.

The new cotton crop is coming in slowly, and the crop both as to quantity and quality, bids fair to exceed our expectations. The corn crop is the largest that was ever raised in this section of country, and if we had any hogs we would be "healed." But alas, ours are all dead, and we fear there is not enough left living to supply the country with pork this winter.

Our merchants are getting in their fall stocks of goods.

Maney, John and Dock Perkins, Tom Atkins and Gib. Sipes, are just back from Evansville, and W. R. and J. B. Newell, J. W. McDaniel and J. B. Hamilton have returned from St. Louis, and J. L. Littlefield, L. E. Farris and F. M. Freeman are in Evansville this week.

A match game of base ball was played here last Saturday. The Adamsville nine and the Mud Creek nine being the parties. The writer did not go out and witness the game from the fact that we have a faint recollection of serving on a skirmish line some years ago, and we have decided to steer clear of such dangerous sport. Adamsville claims that she got the best of the game, but from what we could see after it was over, we think honors are even between them, as one of her team is going around with one eye pasted up, and a Mud Creeker went home with a broken hand.

It was sad news to our community to hear of the death of Mrs. P. H. Thrasher. She lived so long here among us that it is like losing one of our own. A good woman has gone.

W.

Mr. Editor:

I have a few friendly words for Bro. Gillespie and other honest men of the same opinion, and while I agree with him in part I must disagree in part. I agree that if a member of the Alliance pays his dues promptly and keeps his mouth shut he will not be excused from the order, but he is not an equal showing with those who subscribe to the Ocala demands. He is not allowed to hold office in the National Alliance and is regarded as being an unworthy member. The following resolutions were adopted at the Ocala convention last winter:

Resolved that this national convention of the F. A. & I. Union do hereby most earnestly and emphatically endorse the St. Louis platform adopted last December, and with equal sincerity and persistence demand that all subordinate bodies connected with this organization shall not only align themselves therewith but co-operate with this organization and sustain the same. Again, "Any national officer or organ, either state or national, that shall not conform fully with the foregoing resolution shall be suspended by the national president."

I append a few comments by R. A. Murrefboro, correspondent: "The word demand is a strong word, it requires and exacts obedience, and carries with it authority. This resolution demands of all members of the Alliance, that they sustain the political measure put forth by the council, whether they think them right or wrong, and this is demanded of men who on their initiation were assured that there was nothing in the obligation prescribed for them to take as a condition to their admission, that would conflict with their political views.

Now if Bro. Gillespie can swai-

low this and still think himself free I have another dose on hand a little stronger that I will administer if necessary.

The assurance that ones political beliefs are not to be interfered with is a mere farce and only intended to deceive the ignorant.

J. A. ROMINE.

ALLIANCE COLUMN.

J. G. ANDERSON, - ED.

All persons sending communications for the Alliance column will direct the same to J. G. Anderson, Falcon, Tenn.

I wish to say to the brotherhood that I do not purpose to be responsible for all the ideas that are being set forth in this column. I want everyone to have a chance to advocate what they believe.

J. G. ANDERSON.

THE IMPORTANCE OF IMPROVING WORN OUTLAND.

ARTICLE NO. 2.

In article No. 1 we suggested that the substance of our soil has departed and left it in a worthless condition and the question is, where is the substance; has it been totally obliterated or does it still exist. To answer this question it will be necessary to enter into some philosophical reasoning on the subject. Natural philosophy demonstrates the fact that we cannot obliterate or destroy one particle of matter that exists. For instance we may take a piece of wood and commit it to the flames and it will to all appearance be consumed, when in truth it has only been made to exist in another form. The piece of wood was composed of certain substances which are derived from the earth and air during the time it was being composed into the green tree and when it comes into contact with fire that part that was received from the earth during its composition goes into ashes and that part that is received from the air goes first into smoke and finally into its original element, ready to come to the support of some young tree in its effort to grow. The idea that we want to impress upon you is the fact that natural substance or nutriment cannot be destroyed. The sparkling dew drop that hangs like an eye of polished silver upon the grass of the field and disappears before the melting rays of the sun is not obliterated, but only evaporated that it may return when the sun has gone down to again enliven the grass and herbs of our land. Thus it is with the substance that once dwelt in our soil. It has been made to depart, but it is not destroyed, it still exists some where and science gives us some idea of how we may cause this departed substance to return to its native place of abode for the purpose of blessing the living creatures of earth. In our next we expect to hint at how this may be done.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Mr. Editor:

In your issue of the 18th inst., we noticed a communication in the Alliance column taking all Democratic correspondents severely to task and lumping them altogether as opposing Alliance. Writing as though we considered ourselves "The embodiment of Jeffersonian doctrine itself," branding all Democrats who advocate that measure as Republicans, or something worse. While our communication of some four weeks past was directed mainly against a third political party, we also opposed the Sub-Treasury scheme as a class legislation and therefore undemocratic. We concluded our communication by imploring a divine blessing upon the Editor of the PEPPER BOX in an effort to redouble his influence through his paper for Jeffersonian Democracy. So, while the Alliance gentleman did not personate, "he who runs may read," for whose special communication his communication was intended. The first charge alleged by the gentleman is, that we oppose the Alliance, which we answer by saying that we heartily endorse the original principles of the Alliance, which were charitable, industrial and educational. Its legislative demands were tariff reduction, free coinage of silver, modifying or abolishing the National banking system, government restriction of transportation companies and, so far as practicable, restricting or preventing all monopolistic trusts, combines, etc., election of the President, vice

President and all of the U. S. Senators by direct vote of the people, condemning all paternalistic laws and asking only equal and justice to all and special privileges to none. Under this declaration of principles and legislative demands, we as a member of the Alliance for three or four years cheerfully casting our vote in support of these grand principles, and only stepped aside since the whole of these Democratic measures have been cast to the winds by a set of the most corrupt demagogues, now State and National leaders of the Alliance, and such radically absurd measures as the land loan sub-treasury schemes are thrust upon the order in their stead. This correspondent gives thanks to his own enlightened understanding that he is an advocate of the sub-treasury bill, claims that as good Democrats as there are in the State or Nation advocate that measure. Now we guess that it is because we Jeffersonian correspondents have never been politically enlightened that we oppose the sub-treasury bill, but we cannot all be great political lights like this Alliance correspondent. We will admit that we are not sufficiently enlightened politically, to understand how a true Democrat can advocate class legislation. "Consistency, then, art a jewel." A true Democrat can no more consistently advocate the sub-treasury scheme than a strenuous Republican can inconsistently with his party platform advocate free trade tariff reform. The gentleman asks why we do not attack such Democratic measures as tariff reform, free coinage of silver, etc., as they are also demands of the Alliance schemes, he says we call them. We will reply to this by saying these coupled with all other original demands of the Alliance, are all right, but when this order demands any form of class legislation, it destroys the foundation upon which the once fair fabric was erected.

This correspondent grows politically eloquent and says, "I have never bowed the knee to the political bow, nor kissed the golden calf, nor received the mark of the party beast in our forehead."

We are not sufficiently enlightened to understand what he means by bowing to the bowl, kissing the calf and getting a beast mark in his enlightened forehead. Maybe it was an animal with a great deal larger pair of ears than those of the calf, the animal that Balem rode or the one with the jaw bone of which Sampson killed people, that this gentleman kissed and thought it was a golden calf, and in attempting to get another kiss may be he made another mistake and instead of approaching the kissable part of the anatomy of this beast may be he approached too near the machine portion and thus received the mark of the least in his forehead. Who knows.

Stantonville, Sep't. 25th, '91.

J. W. FLATT.

CHEWALLA DOTS.

Mr. Editor:

Reader friends you may think Button has removed, but he still lives with his Pa.

A series of meetings was held at Ramer last week.

Misses Allie and Lena Hurley, on their return home from Ramer last Thursday night, came in contact with a stump and upset their buggy but no serious damage was done.

Mrs. Baysinger started out of her house last Friday night and missed the step, falling down and hurting herself very much. She is getting old and her eyes are failing.

Mrs. J. R. Hurley has been very ill this week.

Earl, son of T. J. Hurley, Sr., fell and broke his collar bone while playing at school last Tuesday.

Mr. Willie Springer was kicked in the side by a horse, but we hope there is no serious damage.

Dr. Sanford of Corinth, was in our town last Tuesday.

Mr. H. C. Carter smiles as he walks this week—it is because he has a new daughter at his house.

Messrs A. H. Dorryberry and F. L. McCullar are having a levee thrown up from their dwellings connecting with the railroad, to prevent overflow.

Our school is prospering.

Bro. Lancaster of Pocahontas, will preach here next Saturday night and Sunday.

Button.

NOW

—IS THE—

TIME

—TO—

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

PEPPER BOX.

WHY?

1st. Because every man should take his COUNTY PAPER and keep posted on affairs occurring in his own county.

2nd. Because it only costs \$1.00 to have the PEPPER BOX visit you 52 times a year brimful of good reading matter each time. Just 100 cents (in advance.)

3rd. Because your wife wants you to take it so she can have the benefit of the Woman's Department where she finds so many good recipes, letters and various things useful to a house-keeper. Also because the children want to have the pleasure of reading, and writing to the children's corner. So if you don't want it yourself take it for them and then don't you borrow it.

4th. Because you want to keep yourself informed of the progress that is being made in building the Courthouse and Jail, the proceedings of the County, Circuit and Chancery Courts, also the proceedings of the McNairy County Real Estate and Improvement Company, and the movements of the would-be Injunctionists.

5th. Because you want to know what is going on in the world generally, and a daily paper would cost you 10 or 12 dollars, while from dozens of our exchanges, (dailies and weeklies,) we will gather the news of the country-at-large for you and sit it out from our PEPPER BOX in a condensed form. Thus you will get the news of your county and the cream of the news from everywhere for the modest sum of \$1.00.

So send in your subscriptions in time for the next issue.

McNairy County

REAL ESTATE

AND

Improvement Co.

have a large number of choice lots, which they will sell at reasonable prices.

TERMS OF SALE.

One third CASH, and balance in six and twelve months.

of the proceeds of sales to be used in building a COURT HOUSE for the County.

Choice BUSINESS lots fronting PUBLIC SQUARE

at from \$175.00 to \$250.00, owing to location.

Choice business lots on FRONT STREET and COURT AVENUE from 100 to 250 dollars.

Resident lots from \$75.00 to \$175.00.

J. W. Purviance, BUSINESS MANAGER.

ONLY 50 Cts. A YEAR

THE HOME MAGAZINE

Conducted By Mrs. John A. Logan.

IS JUST FULL AND RUNNING OVER WITH GOOD THINGS.

LONG STORIES AND SHORT STORIES

And Stories for all the "short-steps" in the family, from the "cradle" to the "grave-dialing."

THERE ARE TALKS

ABOUT THE DINING-ROOM; ABOUT WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW TO MAKE IT; ABOUT SOCIETY; ABOUT BOOKS; ABOUT PLANTS AND FLOWERS; ABOUT HOME CABINET; ABOUT GOOD FORM; ABOUT HOUSE BEAUTIFUL; With charming "word pictures" on all sorts of subjects, by our best word painters.

Mrs. Logan's REMINISCENCES OF WASHINGTON LIFE WILL SOON APPEAR.

AMONG OUR MANY CONTRIBUTORS ARE: ROBERT J. BURDETTE, SHIRLEY BARR, ANGER, WILL CALVERT, BISHOP VIGGINT, JOSEPH ALLEN'S WIFE, JANE BATES, EMILY HUNTERMAN BLISS, and the Best Writers in the Country. Contributions to our Editors.

THE DODIX PUBLISHING CO., AGENCY WANTED, WASHINGTON, D. C.

"TERRE HAUTE NEWPORT."

This is one of the most convenient pleasure and business vehicles for the lawyer, business man or farmer on earth. Owing to the construction of the body it is very light, at the same time very durable, and is the handsomest pleasure or business vehicle on the market.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE GIVEN ON EACH VEHICLE.

The Child's Best friend, can be attached or detached in ONE MINUTE. Write for Prices. Agents Wanted.

TERRE HAUTE CARRIAGE AND BUGGY CO., Terre Haute, Ind.

\$65 OUR SILVER QUEEN \$65

Is it possible a first-class Buggy with Silver-plated Dash Rail, Seat Rail, Handles, Hub Bands, and Shaft Tips, for above price?

ALL BUGGIES ARE WELL CRAFTED AND BOXED AND DELIVERED F.O.B. CARS AT CINCINNATI, O., ON R.F. PRICES OF ABOVE PRICES.

Write for our New 80 page Catalogue of all kinds of Vehicles. Address

SOUTHERN BUGGY CO. CINCINNATI, - - - OH

person to very clever people

of their neighbors' actions always afraid some to overreach them. They live in frankness. In their deepest duplicity. What face, they think, is for people to accept and shrewdly, "we are would like us to be with the millions. We perfectly understand friendly because you pleased because you get the better to be fooled by any New Cerebral VITALITY, read at once. VICK'S CATHARTIC, only Sufferer in earnestly engaged in the actions of sim to discover their mo-er find them, and are what directly lies

Seeds to All

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine ALL FOR \$3.00 CASHING to get the better

Send for our new and elegant Floral Guide, 1891, not to be fooled by any New Cerebral VITALITY, read at once. VICK'S CATHARTIC, only Sufferer in earnestly engaged in the actions of sim to discover their mo-er find them, and are what directly lies

delivered at your door. e JAMES VICK.

LEMON CHILL TONIC

Have you because at heart confident of cause being themselves, minority in NOTHING TASTES as and as TONIC and also what give This Tonic is not only give Chills, but as a Blood Purifier, unequalled. Pleasant as lemon cry for it. EVERY BOTTLE GUARA

Pianos on Easy Payr

However far away you live you can easily get a Piano amount down and the balance in still smaller monthly payments. We take OLD PIANOS IN EXCHANGE and sell on EASY PAYMENTS. Send Pianos ON APPROVAL to be returned at our expense for railway freight if not perfectly satisfactory, even though you live 3000 miles away. Write us.

Ivers & Pond Piano Co., 183 Tremont St., Boston.

PIANOS.

A beautiful Catalogue showing pictures of our Pianos and telling about them MAILED FREE. Our patent SOFT STOP saves wear, making the Piano much more durable, also practically noiseless when desired.

We take OLD PIANOS IN EXCHANGE and sell on EASY PAYMENTS. Send Pianos ON APPROVAL to be returned at our expense for railway freight if not perfectly satisfactory, even though you live 3000 miles away. Write us.

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enough un-

any remark-

lets." close observer, that, and, of meditation, give it strikes me

PEPPER-BOX.

ED EVERY FRIDAY.
R. : TENNESSEE

OUR BRIDGE.

friends dwell sounder, but hearts are near;
we know no distance, no there, no here;
visible bridges connect souls still,
no spirits cross them at fancy's will.

The days of old wrought our magic charm;
They were it of memories joy and pain;
It lengthens, strengthens, as time goes by;
New links are forging of smile or sigh.

The truckless ocean our bridge can span;
And mountain ranges too vast for man;
The desert wild cannot break its spell,
Which owns no limit if hearts live well.

It bridges over the gulf of death;
Our dead can breathe with our own warm breath;
Our pulses beat with the same heart thrill;
We see them, hear them, and hold them still.

In the changeless Heaven our bridge takes
Its place, and there it stands for aye;
Unfading earth with the fading sun;
Its lights are star gleams from angelic eyes,
Its echoes the voice of Paradise.

At times, when the night is still and clear,
When earth seems distant, and Heaven more
Near,
Across the stillness floats this song:
"Hope ever, true hearts; be brave—be strong.
For Time is brief, but Eternity long."
—Helena Heath, in Chambers Journal.

"There, you look lovely in it," she said.
"The price is one hundred dollars."

"Umph!" ejaculated Winkie, tearing
the sheet from about him and laying a
one hundred dollar note on the counter.

He then clapped on his hat and started.

"Stop! Stop!" cried the young lady,
shrilly.

The clatter of the carriage wheels upon
the pavement was all the reply which
she received.

"Merciful goodness!" exclaimed the
girl, almost fainting from consternation.
"That was a man, I thought, who was
a woman who had been fighting with
her husband."

Winkie proceeded swiftly to the
church which was crowded.

"Why, Wendell!" exclaimed one of
the ushers who met him at the door.
"What are you glaring at me for?
There are no flies on me," exclaimed

Winkie, throwing off his hat and over-
coat, and starting at once for the altar
where the clergyman was waiting.

To say that this spirited entrance
created a sensation is not putting it too
strongly.

When he turned towards the bride,
who, leaning upon her father's arm, and
surrounded by six beautiful girls,
was coming up the aisle, every pair of
eyes in the audience was turned to-
wards him, and every mouth was open
in astonishment.

Winkie stopped within a few feet
of the bridegroom and stared.

"That is not the man," he ejaculated.
"What's that you say?" crisply re-
plied Winkie. "Don't be a fool."

Fashion his own, he had been great-
ly tried, and then, too, he did not expect
a cent from his father-in-law, who was
so saving, it was said, that he used the
wart on the back of his neck for a col-
lar button.

"This person is imbecile!" con-
tinued Mr. Deplaine. "Send for an
officer quick!"

"Oh, oh!" ejaculated Della, timidly.
"Why, I am Winkie, Della, don't
you know me?" waited Winkie.

"Why, can it possibly be you?"
whispered the bride. "What is the
matter with you? Have you been great-
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Winkie put his hand to the back of
his head, and for the first time discov-
ered the Greek knot.

He seized it, and shook out the
long hair of which it was composed, and
then tore the wig by force from his
head.

Old Deplaine grew purple in the face
and said, "You are a fool!"

There was the signal for an
everybody laughed—nay, they
laughed at the young man stamped
lost.

The clergyman recovered in
it, and escorted the bride and
lovers into the little sitting-room
annexed to the church.

Hawkins, who was Winkie's
usher, and who acted as usher,
did Winkie in after them.

There was an explanation.
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Winkie was obliged to subside
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much money. That was the last that
he heard of me, and if it were announced
that I was in the city and stopping at
a certain hotel, it would be no trick to
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ject."—Jewellers Review.

It depends.

"No," observed the man who was
speaking, "I never make any
suggestions about the cooking at my
house. A man has no business med-
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"I reckon not," replied the mid-
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Ethel—Mamma, are matches made
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so strong of the other place?—Bing-
hamton Republican.

—When a man rubs up against the
head he either becomes calloused or
exposes his tenderness. —Excess 847-
72.

DALLAS' DIRECTORY.

A Work Compiled for the Benefit
of Careless People.

One Phase of Work in the Dead Letter
Office Concerning Which But Very Little
is Known by the General Public.

(Special Washington Letter.)

The ideal civil service law was not
yet framed. The existing law is a
step in the right direction, but it is
only a little bit of a tottering step.

One of the principal benefits which
might be derived from a suitable and
stable civil service law would be the
development of individual interest in
the work assigned to each employee, and
the development of talent and inventive
genius for the general welfare. Under
existing law there is no stability, no
development of talent, no inventive
genius in the executive offices of the
government. Dismissals, under the
ideal civil service law of the future,
will be only for cause, and for causes
solely administrative and non-partisan.

Government clerks are not safe in their
positions, under the present law, and
they may be sent out into the frigid
world at a moment's notice, merely
upon the whim of some superior officer
who wields a little brief authority.

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head he either becomes calloused or
exposes his tenderness. —Excess 847-
72.

THE FARMING WORLD.

A POULTRY SHELTER.

Summer Protection from Animals
and the Heat of the Sun.

Experience is a thorough teacher,
and often a costly one. In my poultry
business, writes E. A. Ransden, in the
American Stock-keeper, I have had
the great need of a summer shelter
which would prevent over-crowding,
with its attendant evils of deformity,
rump and other diseases. Visiting a
neighbor's yard I saw a shelter taken
from one of our poultry publications
which I felt, if perfected, would meet
my long-felt want. After much study
and experiment, I now have one I can
recommend to the public, as shown in
our illustration.

In raising chickens nothing should
be allowed to interfere with their rapid
growth from hatching to maturity. In
order to promote this growth, and to
summer shelter is an absolute neces-
sity. My invention meets all the re-

quirements of the poultry raiser, is
very simple in construction, easy to
move, and takes up very little space.
It requires 32 feet of 2x3 spruce,
73-foot matched pine; cut the 2x3 into
4-foot lengths, nail together in form of
A. The top edge of the cross-piece
should be 2 feet from the bottom.

Board down one end to the top of
the cross-piece, board down back
side, and put one board at the top on
the front, and hinge the door to this
as shown in sketch; make a door at
top end and hinge to cross-piece to let
down. There are two roosts across the
back, and one across the front, and
a frame covered with wire netting to let
down. In case of disturbance from
skunks, weasels, rats, etc., a
frame covered with wire netting can
be made to slide in under the roosts
thus effectually protecting the chicks.

SAVE THE MANURE.

A Material Whose Value Many Poultry
Keepers Fail to Appreciate.

Many poultry keepers fail to appre-
ciate the value of fowl manure. This
fertilizer is a very powerful one; in
fact it is so strong and so fine that a
large quantity of loam or swamp muck
should be added. If only a small quan-
tity of such material be scattered under
the roosts daily, we avoid the pungent
odor, keep the air pure, and retain all
that is valuable in the material. It has
been said and written many times that
the fowl house should be kept clean.
Now every poultry keeper cannot af-
ford to sweep and garish things daily,
but if an absorbent be used, the place
may be kept clean and free from com-
post formed. Great sums are paid
for guano every year, and it has been
estimated that 300 pounds of this sub-
stance is sufficient for an acre of corn
land. Cornure of fifty fowls in one
year, mixed with four times its
bulk of swamp muck, is more valuable
than 100 pounds of guano. This fertil-
izer is very quickly assimilated by
grain to plant. It commences its
work immediately. The mill in which
it is ground makes fine work. Bone,
meat and grain, when passed through
the gizzards of fowls, become so
thoroughly disintegrated that, after
nourishing them, the residue, with
the waste material of their bodies,
makes a better fertilizer than any other
made on the farm. Anyone cultivat-
ing a farm, or only a kitchen garden,
fruits and flowers border, can make
this compost. It is well to let well
known, and in the increased quan-
tity and quality of its products. Some
crops require a quick growth in order
to be of the best quality; hence the
value of this compost and the price
paid for it as a garden fertilizer.

POULTRY WORLD.

STABLES FOR COWS.

An Ohio Farmer Submits His Idea to the
Farming World.

I have recently changed two cow
barns, writes an Ohio Farmer corre-
spondent, and send a sketch of the
plan of fastening. The stanchion
frame is 7 1/2 inches high, between
H and O. The piece A is 12 inches
wide and 1 1/2 inches thick. B is 7 1/2
inches wide; C, 6 inches; D, 6 inches.
The sketch shows the stanchion closed

and open. The manger is 2 feet wide,
and stalls 3 1/2 feet, which is wide
enough for a cow. The stalls are 4 feet
10 inches from stanchion to gutter, and
the latter is 12 inches wide and 6 inches
deep. In the rear of the gutter is a
walk 4 feet wide. My cows keep clean
in these stables. There is little dropp-
ing outside of gutters, and it is very
easy to keep the stables clean.

SAVE THE FODDER.

Racks Mounted on Wheels Have Been
Found Very Useful.

For feeding sheep at the stable or in
the yard, racks are indispensable.
They should be built with an outside,
shallow box to catch the clover-leaves
and broken hay and to hold grain when
feeding. The frame of the bottom
of the rack should be of weight suf-
ficient to allow it to be moved without
damage. The top may be lightly
formed of inch strips bored to take
whips cut from the woods. In the great
sheep feeding districts of England
racks mounted on wheels are found
useful. They enable the shepherd to
manage the pile of fodder without
too much labor, more equally distrib-
uting the manure and saving time in
going to and from the stacks. The
axles of an old carriage may be made
to serve a good purpose here, or
sawed off from a broken-down wagon.
Two thicknesses of lumber nailed
together crosswise to prevent
splitting and sawed into discs will
make good wheels. Anything that will
save fodder and the feeder and benefit
the flock will soon pay for itself.

HOLLISTER SAGE, in Farm and Home.

Annual Wheat Consumption.

The ordinary rate of consumption of
wheat for the countries of the world
usually embraced in such statistics ag-
gregates about 2,100,000,000 bushels—
1,400,000,000 in Europe and 700,000,000
in other countries. A survey of the
probable production the current year
indicates an aggregate of about 2,050,
000,000 bushels. If the deficiency in
production were more evenly dis-
tributed than it is, the shortage would
have little significance. As it is, it
calls for an unusual movement from
surplus to importing countries, thus
adding more than ordinarily to the cost.

THE FARMING WORLD.

A POULTRY SHELTER.

Summer Protection from Animals
and the Heat of the Sun.

Experience is a thorough teacher,
and often a costly one. In my poultry
business, writes E. A. Ransden, in the
American Stock-keeper, I have had
the great need of a summer shelter
which would prevent over-crowding,
with its attendant evils of deformity,
rump and other diseases. Visiting a
neighbor's yard I saw a shelter taken
from one of our poultry publications
which I felt, if perfected, would meet
my long-felt want. After much study
and experiment, I now have one I can
recommend to the public, as shown in
our illustration.

In raising chickens nothing should
be allowed to interfere with their rapid
growth from hatching to maturity. In
order to promote this growth, and to
summer shelter is an absolute neces-
sity. My invention meets all the re-

quirements of the poultry raiser, is
very simple in construction, easy to
move, and takes up very little space.
It requires 32 feet of 2x3 spruce,
73-foot matched pine; cut the 2x3 into
4-foot lengths, nail together in form of
A. The top edge of the cross-piece
should be 2 feet from the bottom.

Board down one end to the top of
the cross-piece, board down back
side, and put one board at the top on
the front, and hinge the door to this
as shown in sketch; make a door at
top end and hinge to cross-piece to let
down. There are two roosts across the
back, and one across the front, and
a frame covered with wire netting to let
down. In case of disturbance from
skunks, weasels, rats, etc., a
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SYRUP OF FIGS.

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes.
I am for sale in your place and your
dealer to get the best of the shoe.
I am for sale in your place and your
dealer to get the best of the shoe.
I am for sale in your place and your
dealer to get the best of the shoe.

Each week, a different 8 inch display is
published in this paper. There are no
words alike in either ad, except one word.
This word will be found in the ad for Dr.
Harter's Iron Tonic, Little Liver Pills and
Wild Cherry Bitters. Look for "Crescent"
trade mark. Read the ad carefully and
when you find the word, send it to them and
they will return you a book, beautiful litho-
graphs and sample free.

The Best Teacher.

The surest land to guide our wayward feet,
is experience. It points to Hostetter's
Stomach Bitters as the best medicine,
the surest safeguard in cases of malarial dis-
ease, whether in the form of chills and
fever, biliousness, dizziness, or any acute
disease. The same guides indicate it as sover-
eign in constipation, rheumatism, liver
trouble, and dyspepsia.

All who wish to aid Nature in her efforts
to maintain good health should use Dr. John
B. Harter's Stomach Bitters. It is as pleasant
as wine, and far more strengthening. It is be-
neficial to every part and every function of
the body. It is truly the old man's need
and the young man's friend. It cures of
debility and weakness it acts like a charm.

Hansen's purgative remedies are fast giving
way to the gentle action and mild effects of
Carter's Little Liver Pills. If you try them,
they will certainly please you.

A PATRIL becomes still further by using
Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

Glenn's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

Always making assignments—the hotel
clerk, Mail and Express.

Are as small as homeopathic pellets, and
as easy to take as candy. Everybody likes
them. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them.

Has a full line of dress goods—the laun-
dry, Mail and Express.

MANY little children owe their good health
to Dr. John B. Harter's Worm Destroyers. "Nice
Mammies" to give them these nice candies."

A SHIRT on your shoes is worth two on
your coat.

No Opium in Place of Cure for Consumption.
Cures where other remedies fail. 50c.

There's danger

in a cough more than ever when
your blood is "bad." It makes
things easy for Consumption. But
there's a cure for it in Dr. Pierce's
Golden Medical Discovery. A posi-
tive cure—not only for Weak
Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bron-
chitis, Asthma and all lingering
Coughs, but for Consumption itself
in all its earlier stages. It's re-
sponsible. All these diseases depend
on impure blood. Consumption is
simply Lung-ferocity. And for
every form of scrofula and blood-
taint, the "Discovery" is a certain
remedy. It's so certain, that its
makers guarantee it to benefit or
cure, in every case, or the money is
refunded. With a medicine that is
certain, this can be done.

There's a cure for Catarrh, too,
no matter what you've been led to
believe. If there isn't, in your case,
you'll get \$500 cash. It's a bon-
dified cure that's made by the pro-
prietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh
Remedy. There's risk in it, to be
sure, but they are willing to take
the risk—you ought to be glad
to take the medicine.

DR. HARTER'S
IRON TONIC

WHICH PURIFY BLOOD, regulate
KIDNEYS, drive out all
disorders, build strength, renew
energy, and are in fact the best
of all medicines. They are
sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear
the name of Dr. Harter, and are
sold by all druggists. Send for
Circular. Dr. Harter's Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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